

The BioDiversity Treaty

Warm Fuzzy Words and Maps

Sustainable – J. Gary Lawrence

- “Participating in a UN advocated planning process would very likely bring out many...who would actively work to defeat any elected official....undertaking Local Agenda 21/Sustainable Development
- So we will call our process something else such as ‘comprehensive planning’, ‘growth management’ or ‘smart growth’

1998 UNEP Conference, UK



UN Agenda 21 uses **WARM FUZZY** words to get their point across

Environment

Economy

Equity

Consensus

Affordable Housing

Friends of...

Regional

Facilitator

Zoning change

Action

Protection

Preserve

Quality of life

Benefit of all

Sanctuary

Vision

Watershed

Social Justice

Sustainable Medicine

Historic Preservation

International Baccalaureate

School to work

Public/Private Partnership

Best Management Practices

Outcome Base Education

Public / Private Partnerships

Endangered Species

Invasive Species

Restoration

Traffic Calming

Common Good

Collaborative

Inter-disciplinary

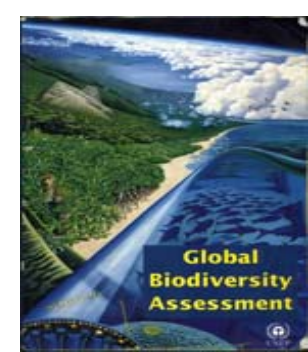
Stakeholder

Land Use Change

Bio Diversity Treaty-Never Ratified

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Bio diversity chapter references

What is NOT Sustainable?

- Maurice Strong : "...current lifestyles and consumption patterns of the affluent middle class – involving high meat intake, use of fossil fuels, appliances, home and work air conditioning, and suburban housing are not sustainable."
- **Stalin:** The death of an individual is a tragedy, the death of millions is a statistic.
- **The Global Biodiversity Assessment.** United Nations Environmental Programme-UNEP

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Simulated Reserve and Corridor System to Protect Biodiversity

As Required by the UN Covention on Biological Diversity, Wildlands Project, UN and US Man and Biosphere Programs and World Heritage Program as a Vital Step in Attaining Sustainable Development

This map was used in the United States Senate to stop the ratification of the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity



Taken From: The United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity, Article 8a-e; United Nations Global Biodiversity Assessment, Section 13.4.2.2.3; US Man and the Biosphere Strategic Plan, UN/US Heritage Corridor Program, "The Wildlands Project," WildEarth, 1992. Also see Science, "The High Cost of Biodiversity," 25 June, 1993, pp 1968-1971 and the Border 21 Sidebar of NAFTA. The very high percentage of buffer zone in the West is due to the very high percentage of federal land, NOTE: Do not use this map for real estate purposes.

BIO-REGIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

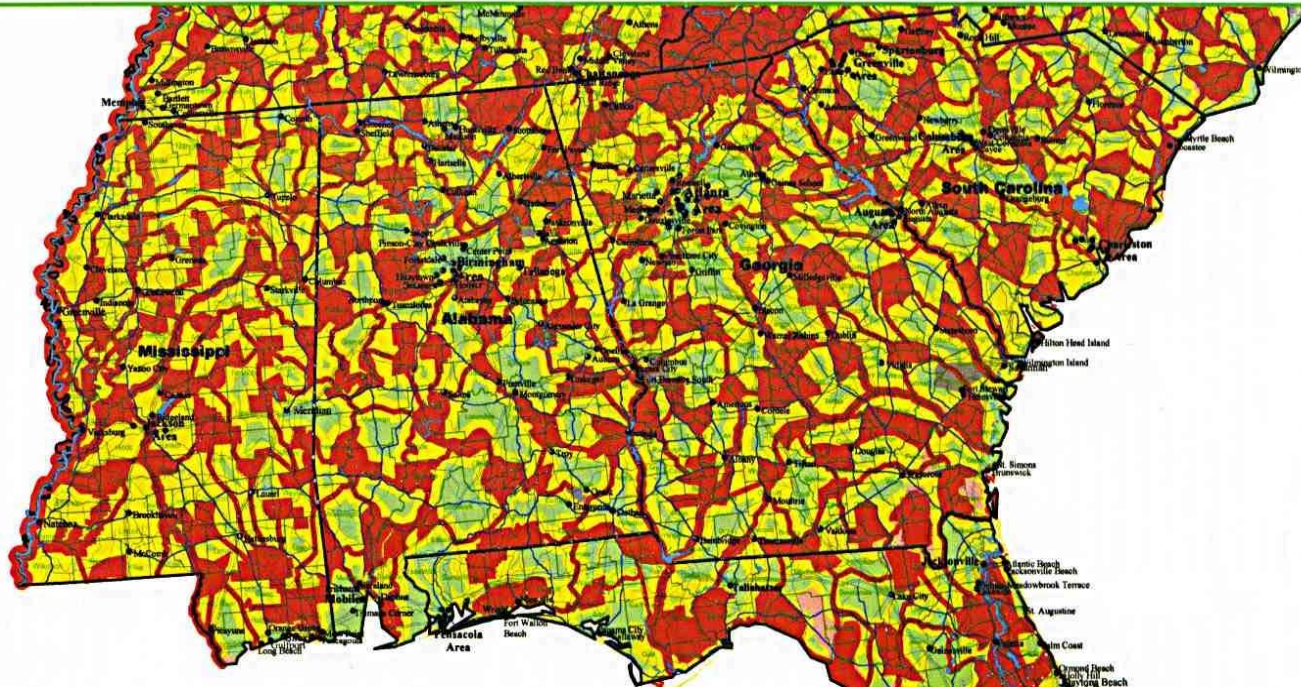
AS DEFINED BY THE SIERRA CLUB



Adapted from Sierra Magazine, March/April, 1994

The United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity and the President's Council for Sustainable Development mandates that government be organized into bio-regions such as those depicted above. The Biodiversity Treaty's UN Global Biodiversity Assessment states, "within the [bio]-regions will be found the basic social and commercial services that serve the communities of the region.... The lands will be administered under a mixture of central or local government, private, community and communal tenurial rights." (draft GBA, Section 10.7.3.4)

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Simulated Reserve and Corridor System to Protect Biodiversity

The Plan Mandated by the Convention on Biological Diversity (Article 8a-e) as
Detailed in the United Nations Global Biodiversity Assessment (Section
13.4.2.2.3) and US & UNESCO Man and Biosphere Program

- | | |
|---|---|
| ■ Core Wilderness Reserves
Little to No Use | — Proposed Greenways |
| ■ Buffer Zones
Highly Regulated Use | ● Cities > 10,000 Population |
| ■ Current Use/
Zone of Cooperation | — Limited Access Hwys |
| ■ Military Reservations | — Other Federal and State Hwy's |
| | — Rivers |

Taken from: "Southern Appalachian Wildlands Proposal", by Brownie Newman, Hugh Irwin, Karen Lowe, Anee Mostwill, Stephen Smith, and Jesse Jones. In: Wild Earth, Special Issue, 1992, pp 46-60. Also see, "The High Cost of Biodiversity", Science Magazine, June 25, 1993, and the US Man and Biosphere Program. Note: Do not use for real estate purposes.

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